French Version of the Negative Self-Portrayal Scale: Validation in the General Population

Dany Lallement*, Mandy Rossignol**, Sabrina Julien-Sweerts*, Chrystel Besche-Richard*
*Université de Reims Champagne Ardenne, C2S

**Université de Mons, Service de Psychologie Cognitive et de Neuropsychologie

Background

- Social anxiety models focus preferentially, on social situations
- In favor of individualized treatment, Moscovitch (2009) suggests focusing on each individual's social fears - feared stimuli
- These fears are based on **self-characteristics** that the individual considers as defective, maladaptive, or imperfect
- In this context, Moscovitch and Huyder (2011) developed the Negative Self-Portrayal Scale (**NSPS**) to assess:
 - Social competence (SC),
 - Signs of anxiety (SA),
 - Physical appearance (PA)

Objectives

- Conduct a cross-cultural adaptation of the NSPS in **French**
- Examine its psychometric properties in general population

Méthod

N=840 (84,44% F) Mage=26,40 years (SD=10,32)

Procedure: Online survey

Measures:

- NSPS
- Social Anxiety Questionnaire (SAQ)
- Social Appearance Anxiety Scale (SAAS)
- Body-Esteem Scale (BES)
- Rosenberg Self-Esteem (RSE)
- Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS)

Results

Factor structure: Adequate fit of the three-factor model CFI = 0.99; RMSEA = 0.07 Internal consistency: α = .95 ; SC α = .92 ; SA α = .81 ; PA α = .91 Conceptual validity:

Table. Correlations with the Negative Self-Portrayal Scale

	NSPS	NSPS-	NSPS-	NSPS-	SAQ	SAAS	BES	RSE	HADS	Anxiety
		SC	SA	PA						
NSPS	-									
NSPS-SC	.95**	-								
NSPS-SA	.86**	.75**	-							
NSPS-PA	.89**	.76**	.64**	-						
SAQ	02	01	.02	05	-					
SAAS	.65**	.56**	.53**	.68**	03	-				
BES	48**	38**	35**	58**	.01	70**	-			
RSE	02	01	03	01	45**	04	.06	-		
HADS	.05	.05	.06	.02	0.38**	.04	04	61**	-	
Anxiety	.02	.01	.04	01	0.40**	.02	04	56**	.87**	-
Depression	.07*	.08*	.07*	0.4	0.22**	.06	03	45**	.80**	.41**
Note. *p <.05	; **p <.00	01								

Test-retest reliability: (n=93) r = .68, p < .001

Discussion

- Negative Self-Portrayal Scale showed a satisfactory factorial structure and psychometric qualities
- This French version will allow to investigate in a reliable and valid manner the mechanism underlying physical anxiety and enable more individualized interventions for the people concerned
- Lack of significant relations between the NSPS and the SAQ some assumptions:
 - No direct link between self-perception / self-characteristics and social anxiety
 - Different measures
 - Sample characteristics
- Need for further studies:
 - Using other measures of social anxiety (e.g., SPIA and SPS, LSAS, see Moscovitch and Huyder, 2011)
 - o In clinical population, for example, people with social anxiety disorder

Moscovitch, D. A. (2009). What is the core fear in social phobia? A new model to facilitate individualized case conceptualization and treatment. Cognitive and Behavioral Practice, 16(2), 123-134. Moscovitch, D. A., & Huyder, V. (2011). The Negative Self-Portrayal Scale: Development, validation, and application to social anxiety. Behavior Therapy, 42(2), 183-196.







